2016 PRODUCT INDICATORS



PR1A	Assessment of the impacts of the product in the health and safety of the client DESCRIPTION QUALITY SYSTEM	_2	PR2B Incidents quality safety	6
PR1B	Assessment of the impacts of the product in the health and safety of the client QUALITY CONTROL	_3	Total number of incidents of non-compliance with legal regulations and voluntary codes related to product labelling	_8
PR1C	Assessment of the impacts of the product in the health and safety of the client QUALITY LABELS	5	Quality breaches of regulation and voluntary codes on product labeling	9
PR2A	Incidents arising from non-compliance with legal codes related to the impact of products or services on health and safety	_6	PR5 Practices related to customer satisfaction	10

PR1A

Assessment of the impacts of the product in the health and safety of the client

DESCRIPTION QUALITY SYSTEM

	Do you have a quality management system certificate?
Spain	Yes
Argentina	Yes
Brazil	Yes
Portugal	Yes
China	Yes
	System description
	Processes to approve, validate and monitor providers and own-brand products, as well as processes to monitor fruits and vegetables, and certified under the ISO 9001:2008 quality management system. The DIA Quality Management System is made up of a series of documen (procedures, work instructions, logs, etc.) which are used as a framework for the development of our brands, as well as for the quality monitoring and control of our products once they have been developed, all throughout the distribution chain: from the provider's factory the store. Under this system, DIA participates in a development and control processes of its products, getting involved in all stages of the chain: before a new item is added, each provider must pass a strict initial audit in order to guarantee the safety of all the factories that make products for our own brand. The development of each one of our own-brand products additionally requires technical definition efforts for the product to determine its characteristics and quality and to act as a base for the subsequent establishment of a quality control plan. Another very important requirement before a new product is placed on the market is for blind tasting by consumers to be undertaken so that consumers' perception of products in development may be considered. Once the product has been developed, the management system contemplates the measures and procedures necessary to maintain and evaluate quality (detailed in the following indicators), such as monitoring of the refrigeration chain, supervision of the hygienic/sanitary conditions as well as the cleanliness of the warehouse facilities and sales outlets, control audits and product sampling, as well as internal and external analyses of own-brand products.
	Description of measures
	MEDIDAS PARA MANTENER LOS REQUISITOS SOBRE CALIDAD Y SEGURIDAD DEL PRODUCTO: SOBRE EL PRODUCTO: A) Auditorías de control B) Páneles DE control SOBRE EL PROCESO: A) APPCC B) Auditorías de Cadena de frío C) Auditorías higiénico-sanitarias D) Auditorías de tienda
	Do you have procedures to assess the quality of the product?
Spain	Yes
Argentina	Yes
Brazil	Yes
Portugal	Yes
China	Yes
	Description of procedures

Assessment of the impacts of the product in the health and safety of the client QUALITY CONTROL

	% Of providers private label articles with control audit.		
	2014	2015	2016
Argentina	100%	100%	99,50%
Brazil	98,00%	100%	95,65%
China	98,00%	100%	98,00%
Spain	93,70%	95,70%	96,40%
Portugal	97,00%	98,10%	96,67%

	Number of internal analysis of private label articles in relation to the number of entries private label articles			of analyzes per ependent labora	•	
	2014	2015	2016	201	4 2015	201
Argentina	54.672	77.235	91.089	3.27	'8 3.449	3.30
Brazil	132.815	147.758	148.210	4.05	3 4.354	4.43
China	11.041	10.871	9.783	43	30 237	32
Spain	389.509	481.689	555.147	9.35	10.014	10.17
Portugal	69.785	69.392	66.160	4.23	3.808	4.02

	Total number of analysis		
	2014	2015	2016
Argentina	57.950	80.684	94.390
Brazil	136.868	152.112	152.647
China	11.471	11.108	10.107
Spain	398.861	491.703	565.321
Portugal	74.016	73.200	70.182

4.231	3.808	4.022		
Number of intern	•	f private		
	label			
articles in relati	on to the nur	nber of		
е	ntries			
private l	abel articles			
2014	2015	2016		
29%	40%	46%		
54%	53%	51%		
59%	81%	84%		
22%	27%	30%		
23%	23%	22%		

2016

3.301

4.437

324 10.174 PR1B

Assessment of the impacts of the product in the health and safety of the client **QUALITY CONTROL** (continuation)

	% Of private label articles with Quality Plan.	
	2016	
Argentina	99,70%	
Brazil	100%	
China	100%	
Spain	99,90%	
Portugal	99,37%	

% Of private label articles with Panel
2016
97,80%
99,60%
93,00%
100%
98,96%

	Numbers of internal audits (cold chain, cleanlivers and hygiene, laboratory internal, stores audits)			
	2014	2015	2016	
Argentina	205	247	800	
Brazil	375	386	393	
China	91	76	81	
Spain	1.130	1113	1178	
Portugal	175	340	589	
Total	1.976	2.162	3.041	

surface sale of DIA's COCO + COFO			
2014	2015	2016	
1,33	1,43	4,35	
1,38	1,26	1,15	
1,67	1,45	1,69	
0,98	0,62	0,68	
1,03	1,89	3,12	
1,09	0,87	1,22	

Number of Internal Audits / square meters of

PR1C

Assessment of the impacts of the product in the health and safety of the client **QUALITY LABELS**

Do you have product labels (label organic products, fair trade, etc.)?				
Argentina	No			
Brazil	No			
China	No			
Spain	Yes			
Portugal	No			
	Description of the types of quality labels			
ORGANIC FARMING STAMP* National Brand: as of today, there are no monitoring devices of obtain this information. *Fruits and Vegetables: 3 BIO products (170521 Salad Tomato; 170561 Golden Apple) *Own Brand: 2 BIO products (222137 Organic Chamomile; Provide Expressate; 225600 Organic Sliced Gouda; Provider 83836 Millán Vicente) *HALAL STAMP F (Meat and Fish); 1 item with a Halal stamp: code 105055_ Halal Clean Chicken, produced providers: 37378_UVE, S.A. and 37619_Avícola Moraleja, S.A.				

PR2A

Incidents arising from non-compliance with legal codes related to the impact of products or services on health and safety

Number of non-compliance incidents			
regarding health and safety with regulati	ons		
resulting in fines or penalties			
Argentina	0		
Brazil	0		
China	0		
Spain	0		
Portugal	0		

PR2B Incidents quality safety

	Number of incidents of non-compliance with commercial quality, health and safety of voluntary codes		
	2014	2015	2016
Argentina	5.994	8.610	10.072
Brazil	7.841	8.834	9.142
China	534	237	196
Spain	69.773	91.146	94.444
Portugal	8.708	8.142	7.037

	Number of incide	nts / number of	analysis (%)
	2014	2015	2016
Argentina	10,34%	10,67%	10,67%
Brazil	5,73%	5,81%	5,99%
China	4,66%	2,13%	1,94%
Spain	17,00%	18,54%	16,71%
Portugal	11,77%	11,12%	10,03%

PR4A

Total number of incidents of non-compliance with legal regulations and voluntary codes related to product labelling

Number of incidents resulting in fines o	r penalties
Argentina	0
Brazil	0
China	0
Spain	0
Portugal	0

Quality breaches of regulation and voluntary codes on product labeling

	Number of incidents of labelling		
	2014	2015	2016
Argentina	176	96	57
Brazil	1.609	1.182	1.112
China	12	5	5
Spain	1.947	3.425	3.764
Portugal	116	170	98

	Number of incidents of labelling / Number of analysis			
	2014 2015 2016			
Argentina	0,30%	0,12%	0,06%	
Brazil	1,18%	0,78%	0,73%	
China	0,10%	0,05%	0,05%	
Spain	0,49%	0,70%	0,67%	
Portugal	0,16%	0,23%	0,14%	

PR5

Practices related to customer satisfaction

Number of inquiries from customers				
	2014	2015	2016	
Argentina	231	14.839	378	
Brasil	52.361	62.416	79.888	
China	40	14	2	
España	1.440	1.602	2.216	
Portugal	249	172	2	
TOTAL	54.321	79.043	82.486	

Number of complaints from customers				
	2014	2015	2016	
Argentina	2.174	11.963	3.847	
Brasil	16.827	15.379	22.058	
China	617	404	304	
España	2.096	2.569	3.059	
Portugal	232	150	172	
TOTAL	21.946	30.465	29.440	

Number of suggestions from customers				
	2014	2015	2016	
Argentina	33	137	24	
Brasil	400	581	1.085	
China	2	2	0	
España	273	547	640	
Portugal	3	0	0	
TOTAL	711	1.267	1.749	

Total number of listening to customers			INC 2016- 2015	
	2014	2015	2016	
Argentina	2.438	26.939	4.249	-84,23%
Brasil	69.588	78.376	103.031	31,46%
China	659	420	306	-27,14%
España	3.809	4.718	5.915	25,37%
Portugal	484	322	174	-45,96%
TOTAL	76.978	110.775	113.675	2,62%

	Describe the practices carried out on customer satisfaction		
Argentina	As of January 2016, the department of SAC (Consumer Service) overturns information regarding complaints, claims and / or suggestions from customers in the SAC webflow. The claims, suggestions and queries referred to QUALITY OF PRODUCT, are derived to the Department of Quality, which must provide a response to SAC whenever required. This management of the Quality department is carried out mainly from Headquarters; There are specific cases of claims arising from the operation of stores that can be derived to Quality of the distribution centers		
Brazil	There is a customer service department that receives various contacts through telephone, e-mails and social media where a computer application is used where information is controlled and where customers can be answered		
China	Customer service sends the demand report to the quality department, the quality would judge if it is quality problem. If it is quality problem and related to compensation, the quality would ask PM to contact the supplier to track the compensation. If it is a problem of quality and without compensation, the quality would affect the system and would be sent to the supplier through AS400		
Spain	The clients have a Customer Service to transmit their queries, complaints, complaints, suggestions, etc. Customers can contact the department of SAC through: *Telephone number; Indicated in the packaging of the products of Proprietary Brand, and in informative posters that are being gradually incorporated in our stores. *WEB Page DAY. In the section of Customer Service there is a form in which the customer can communicate their complaint / complaint / suggestion / etc. *Through suggestion sheets available at our own stores. *Social networks: the complaints published by the client in our profiles is filtered by the Community Manager and the claims to be managed are transmitted to the department of SAC The department of SAC, manages and closes those claims for which it has an argument Answer, and the rest transfers them to the different departments of the company according to the subject to which it refers. These departments will be responsible for the management and closure of these claims.		
Portugal	Our customers can make their complaints or suggestions by calling the customer service (SAC), by writing a direct email on the site "Minipreco" or "Clarel", on facebook, by letter or direct in the store. Being that, this last form of claim, is registered in the SAC by call of the store to the customer service		